
TOEFL Vocabulary Level 1 - 1: Print One-sided Flashcard

abbreviation:

n. [संक्षिप्त] shortening something by omitting parts of it

abnormal:

a. [असामान्य] unusual; not typical; not normal

abort:

v. [गर्भपात] stop; terminate before completion; terminate a pregnancy

abrasive:

a. [निष्फल अपघर्षक] rubbing away; tending to grind down

absence:

n. [अनुपस्थिति] state of being absent; state of being away

absolutely:

ad. [परित्यक्त बिल्कुल] utterly; not viewed in relation to other things or factors

abstract:

a. [अमूर्त] theoretical; not concrete; not applied or practical; difficult to understand

accidental:

a. [आकस्मिक] unexpected; happening by chance, unintentionally

accompany:

v. [साथ] travel with; be associated with

accomplished:

a. [पूरा] skilled; experienced; having many social graces; polished or refined

accounting:

n. [लेखांकन] a system that provides quantitative information about finances

acid:

n. [एसिड] sour; water-soluble compounds having a sour taste; quality of being sarcastic, bitter, or scornful

acidic:

a. [त्वरित अम्लीय] tasting sour like acid; being or containing an acid

actual:

a. [वास्तविक] true; real; being, existing, or acting at the present moment; current

acupuncture:

n. [एक्यूंपंक्चर] treatment of pain or disease by inserting the tips of needles at specific points on the skin

adequate:

a. [पर्याप्त] sufficient; enough to meet a purpose

adhere:

v. [पालन] stick fast; stick to firmly; be compatible or in accordance with

adhesive:

a. [चिपकने] sticky; glutinous; tending to persist

adjunct:

n. [सहायक] something added on or attached generally nonessential or inferior

admit:

v. [मानता हूँ] permit to enter; receive; provide the right or a means of entrance to

adventure:

n. [साहसिक] something happens without design; chance; hazard; risk; danger

adventurous:

a. [साहसिक] valiant; venturesome; inclined or willing to incur hazard or engage in adventures

adversity:

n. [विपत्ति] state of misfortune, hardship, or affliction; misfortune

advocate:

v. [वकील] speak, plead, or argue in favor of; plead for; push for something

aerodynamics:

n. [वायुगतिकी] study of how objects move through the air or water

affected:

a. [प्रभावित] speaking or behaving in an artificial way; emotionally stirred or moved; infected or attacked

affective:

a. [भावात्मक] sentimental; emotional; emotionally charged

aggravate:

v. [बढ़] worsen; make worse or more troublesome

aggregation:

n. [एकत्रीकरण] several things grouped together or considered as a whole

ailment:

n. [बीमारी] sickness; a slight but often persistent illness

aircraft:

n. [विमान] a vehicle that can fly, such as an airplane, helicopter, balloon

alert:

n. [चेतावनी] the warning serves; alarm; condition of heightened watchfulness or preparation for action

alike:

a. [एक जैसे] similar; in the same manner or to the same degree

allegation:

n. [आरोप] suggestion without proof that someone has done something wrong

alliteration:

n. [अनुप्रास] repetition of a beginning sound in poetry

alone:

a. [अकेला] solitary; by oneself, not with any other people

alteration:

n. [परिवर्तन] a passage from one form or state to another; change

alternation:

n. [प्रत्यावर्तन] successive change from one thing or state to another and back again

aluminum:

n. [एल्यूमीनियम] silvery ductile metallic element

amazement:

n. [विस्मय] wonder; state of extreme surprise or wonder; astonishment

ambivalence:

n. [अम्बिवालेन्स] state of having contradictory or conflicting emotional attitudes, such as love and hate

amenable:

a. [उत्तरदायी] responsive to advise or suggestion; responsible to a higher authority; willing to comply with; agreeable

analogy:

n. [सादृश्य] the similarity in some respects; comparison based on similarity

analysis:

n. [विश्लेषण] study; investigation; the process of breaking down a substance into its constituent parts

anecdote:

n. [किस्सा] a short account of the amusing or interesting event; short narrative; a secret story of history or biography

anesthetic:

n. [संवेदनाहारी] a substance that causes loss of sensation; producing temporary loss or impairment of feeling

angular:

a. [कोणीय] sharp-cornered; consisting of an angle or angles; stiff in manner

annually:

ad. [वार्षिक] yearly; each year; returning every year; year by year

anthem:

n. [गान] song of praise or patriotism; the song of devotion or loyalty

anthropology:

n. [नृविज्ञान] social science that studies origins and social relationships of human beings

anticipation:

n. [प्रत्याशा] something expected; pleasurable expectation; wishing with confidence

antiquated:

a. [प्राचीन] too old to be fashionable, suitable, or useful; obsolete; aged

antiquity:

n. [पुरातनता] ancient times, especially the times preceding the Middle Ages; extreme oldness

antiseptic:

n. [एंटीसेप्टिक] a substance that prevents infection; a substance that restricts the growth of disease-causing microorganisms

appointment:

n. [नियुक्ति] act of putting a person into a non-elective position; arrangement

apprentice:

n. [शिक्षु] works for an expert to learn a trade; beginner; learner

approval:

n. [मंजूरी] official approbation; endorsement; an act of approving

approve:

v. [मंजूरी] ratify; consider right or good; think or speak favorably of

aquamarine:

a. [aquamarine] of bluish-green color; of pale blue to light greenish-blue

aquarium:

n. [एकैरियम] tank or pool or bowl filled with water for keeping live fish and underwater animals

arboreal:

a. [वृक्षवासी] tree-dwelling; treelike; living in trees

archaeology:

n. [पुरातत्व] study of artifacts and relics of early humankind

architect:

n. [वास्तुकार] one who designs and supervises the construction of buildings or other large structures

arithmetic:

n. [अंकगणित] theory of numerical calculations

armor:

n. [कवच] shield; defensive covering, as of metal, wood, or leather, worn to protect the body against weapons

arms:

n. [हथियार] weapons considered collectively; official symbols of a family

array:

v. [सरणी] set out for display or use; place in orderly arrangement

arsenal:

n. [शस्त्रागार] storage place for military equipment; a stock of weapons

artery:

n. [धमनी] one of the vessels or tubes which carry either venous or arterial blood from the heart; major transit corridor

articulate:

v. [मुखर] speak clearly and distinctly; utter a speech sound; be jointed; make clear or effective

ascent:

n. [चढ़ाई] upward slope or grade; movement upward

assignment:

n. [काम] a task that was given to students; job; distribution; appointment

association:

n. [सहयोग] connection, whether of persons or things; a union of persons in a company or society for some particular purpose

assorted:

a. [मिश्रित] varied; consisting of various types mixed together

assortment:

n. [वर्गीकरण] variety; collection containing a variety of sorts of things

assume:

v. [मान] suppose; presume; take on; bear

assumption:

n. [धारणा] something taken for accepted as true without proof; taking over or taking possession of

assure:

v. [आश्वासन] tell someone confidently that something is true; guarantee; convince

astonish:

v. [चकित] surprise someone very much; shock

astute:

a. [चतुर] wise or keen; shrewd; with sharp intelligence

asymmetrical:

a. [चौकाने विषम] unbalanced; uneven; having parts on either side or half that do not match

athlete:

n. [खिलाड़ी] a sportsman; one who contended for a prize in public games

atomization:

n. [atomization] act of reducing to atoms, or very minute particles

atrophy:

n. [शोष] wasting away; decrease in size; reduction in the functionality of an organ caused by disease

attempt:

n. [प्रयास] the action of trying at something

audience:

n. [दर्शक] a group of people within hearing; crowd seeing a stage performance

aurora:

n. [औरोरा] a natural appearance of coloured light in the sky, that is usually seen nearest the Arctic or Antarctic

autonomous:

a. [स्वायत्त] self-governing; not controlled by others or by outside forces; independent

avenue:

n. [एवेन्यू] way or opening for entrance or exit place; passage by which a place may be reached; broad street

average:

a. [औसत] typical; mean; achieve or reach on average

averse:

a. [हिचकते] reluctant; disinclined; turned away or backward; unwilling

aviator:

n. [जागरूकता] someone who operates an aircraft

avoid:

v. [बचने] shield away from; prevent

axis:

n. [अक्ष] the center around which something rotates; pivot

bachelor:

n. [स्नातक] unmarried men; the first or lowest academic degree conferred by universities and colleges

backbone:

n. [आधार] support; mainstay; vertebrate spine or spinal column

balloonist:

n. [गुब्बाराकार] someone who flies a balloon

bankruptcy:

n. [दिवालियापन] state of being unable to pay your debts

bar:

n. [पट्टी] a counter where you can obtain food or drink; cafe; strip; stick

barb:

n. [टालना कंटिया] sharp projection from fishhook; openly cutting remark

bark:

n. [छाल] a sound made by a dog; harsh sound uttered by a dog

barrel:

n. [बैरल] vessel; large cylindrical container

barrenness:

n. [दरिद्रता] property of not supporting life, no children, or unable to have children; defect of emotion, sensibility, or fervency

barter:

v. [वस्तु विनिमय] trade goods or services without the exchange of money

bean:

n. [सेम] various edible seeds; small oval or roundish seed, berry, nut, or lump

bear:

v. [भालू] support; sustain; carry; have; yield; give birth; hold up or support

beat:

v. [हराया] whip; strike; defeat; hit repeatedly

behalf:

n. [ओर] represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

below:

ad. [नीचे] under, or lower in place; beneath not so high; inferior to in rank; unworthy of

besiege:

v. [घेर] surround with armed forces; harass with requests

bilateral:

a. [द्विपक्षीय] two-sided; mutual; involving two groups or countries

billion:

n. [अरब] the number that is represented as a one followed by 9 zeros

biologist:

n. [जीवविज्ञानी] a scientist who studies living organisms

bitterness:

n. [कड़वाहट] sharp and bitter manner

blink:

v. [कोलतार] shut eyes briefly; wink

blizzard:

n. [बर्फानी तूफान] a severe snowstorm with strong winds

blossom:

n. [खिलना] reproductive organ of plants, especially one having showy or colorful parts

boast:

v. [घमंड] show off oneself; speak of with excessive pride

bolster:

v. [सिलेंडर] support or prop up with or as if with a long narrow pillow or cushion

boredom:

n. [ऊब] tedium; dullness; state of being a bore, or the tendency to become tiresome and uninteresting

boring:

a. [उबाऊ] uninteresting and tiresome; dull

boulder:

n. [बोल्डर] a rounded rock lying on the surface of ground or embedded in soil

bound:

n. [बाउंड] tied; held; committed; limit; constraint; leap; jump

bowl:

v. [कटोरा] throw or roll a ball; move quickly and smoothly, especially by rolling

braid:

v. [चोटी] weave; interweave three or more strands

breathe:

v. [साँस लेने के लिए] respire; inhale and exhale air

breathtaking:

a. [लुभावनी] very surprising or shocking

briny:

a. [सागर] salty; any huge body of saltwater

broaden:

v. [पर सवार व्यापक] widen; grow broad or broader

bud:

n. [कली] one that is not yet fully developed; sprout

buggy:

n. [छोटी गाड़ी] small, lightweight carriage; drawn by a single horse

bulb:

n. [बल्ब] the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball

bundle:

v. [बंडल] tie, wrap, or gather together; hurry; hasten; dress oneself warmly

burrow:

n. [बिल] tunnel; hole in the ground made by an animal for shelter; moving through by or as by digging

cab:

n. [टैक्सी] taxi; a one-horse vehicle for public hire

cabal:

n. [साज़िश] a small group of persons secretly united to promote their own interests

cabin:

n. [केबिन] a small room on a ship or boat where people sleep

cadence:

n. [ताल] rhythmic rise and fall of words or sounds; beat

calculator:

n. [कैलकुलेटर] a small machine that is used for mathematical calculations

cancel:

v. [रद्द करना] revoke; call off; omit or delete

candid:

a. [खरा] straightforward; frank; free from prejudice; impartial

carat:

n. [कैरेट] unit of weight for precious stones; a measure of fineness of gold

career:

n. [करियर] profession or occupation; individual's work and life roles over their lifespan

cargo:

n. [कार्गो] freight carried by ship, an aircraft, or another vehicle

caricature:

n. [कार्टून] a representation that is deliberately exaggerated to produce a comic effect

cater:

v. [पूरा] supply what is needed or desired; provide food professionally for a special occasion

cause:

n. [कारण] something produces a result; the basis for an action or response; a reason

cease:

v. [संघर्ष] stop; terminate; put an end to; discontinue

ceremonial:

n. [औपचारिक] ritual; ceremony or rite

chafe:

v. [मसलना] wear away or irritate by rubbing; make sore by rubbing; annoy; vex

chalk:

n. [चाक] soft, earthy substance, of a white, grayish, or yellowish-white color, used as a drawing implement

championship:

n. [चैम्पियनशिप] status of being a champion; position or title of a winner

characteristic:

n. [लक्षण] a feature that helps to identify, tell apart, or describe recognizably; a distinguishing mark or trait

chat:

n. [बातचीत] talk without exchanging too much information; informal conversation

check:

v. [चेक] stop motion; curb or restrain

checkup:

n. [मुआयना] thorough physical examination

chili:

n. [चिली] very hot and finely tapering pepper of special pungency

choppy:

a. [तड़का हुआ] having many small waves; rough with small waves

chronology:

n. [कालक्रम] time sequence; an arrangement of events in time

cipher:

n. [सांकेतिक शब्दों में] secret code; an Arabic numeral or figure; a number

circle:

n. [वृत्त] round; something shaped like such a ring; a group of people sharing an interest, activity, or achievement

circular:

a. [परिपत्र] round; shaped like or nearly like a circle

circulation:

n. [प्रचलन] spread or transmission of something to a wider group or area

circumstance:

n. [परिस्थिति] situation; condition; detail accompanying or surrounding an event

citizenship:

n. [नागरिकता] status of a citizen with rights and duties

clam:

n. [क्लैम] soft edible body of such as mollusk

clause:

n. [खण्ड] sentence; phrase; distinct article, stipulation, or provision in a document

clay:

n. [मिट्टी] very fine-grained soil that is plastic when moist but hard when fired

climate:

n. [जलवायु] weather condition; atmosphere; environment

cling:

v. [चिपटना] hold fast or adhere to something; stick together and resist separation; remain emotionally

clip:

n. [क्लिप] a small section of filmed or filed material

coach:

n. [कोच] tutor; teacher; a vehicle carrying many passengers

coalescence:

n. [संघीकरण] union of diverse things into one body or form or group; growing together of parts

coarse:

a. [मोटे] rough; harsh; of low, common, or inferior quality

coffeepot:

n. [congruity coffeepot] tall pot in which coffee is brewed

cohesion:

n. [सामंजस्य] a tendency to keep together

coin:

n. [सिक्का] small piece of metal, usually flat and circular, authorized by a government for use as money

coincidence:

n. [संयोग] two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

collaborate:

v. [सहयोग] work together, especially in a joint intellectual effort

collaboration:

n. [सहयोग] act of working together; act of cooperating with an enemy, especially it occupying one's own country

collusion:

n. [मिलीभगत] a secret agreement for any illegal purpose; conspiracy

colonize:

v. [उपनिवेश] migrate to and settle in; plant

combine:

v. [गठबंधन] blend; fuse; merge

commerce:

n. [वाणिज्य] trade; business; intellectual exchange or social interaction

committee:

n. [समिति] special group delegated to consider some matter

community:

n. [समुदाय] society; a group of people living in the same locality and under the same government

commuter:

n. [कम्यूटर] someone who regularly travels from home in a suburb to work in a city

compact:

n. [कॉम्पैक्ट] small and economical car; small cosmetics case

comparable:

a. [तुलनीय] similar or equivalent; being of equal regard; worthy of being ranked with

comparative:

a. [तुलनात्मक] relative; based on, or involving comparison

compensation:

n. [मुआवजा] something given or received as payment as for a service or loss or injury

compensatory:

a. [प्रतिपूरक] serving to compensate or as compensation; making amends; repaying

competition:

n. [प्रतियोगिता] struggle; rivalry; an act of competing as for a profit prize

complement:

n. [पूरक] something that completes or makes up a whole or brings to perfection

complementary:

a. [पूरक] serving to fill out or to complete; supplying mutual needs or offsetting mutual lacks

complicated:

a. [जटिल] difficult to analyze or understand

comply:

v. [अनुपालन] yield assent; accord; agree, or acquiesce; adapt one's self; fulfill; accomplish

compose:

v. [रचना] write; create; make or create by putting together parts or elements

comprehend:

v. [समझना] take in the meaning, nature, or importance of; grasp

comprehensible:

a. [सुबोध] understandable; readily comprehended or understood; intelligible

comprehensive:

a. [व्यापक] thorough; including all or everything; broad in scope

concept:

n. [अवधारणा] something formed in mind; thought or notion

concurrent:

a. [समवर्ती] simultaneous; coincident; occurring or operating at the same time

condiment:

n. [मसाला] seasoning; something used to give relish to food; something used to enhance the flavor of food, like salt or pepper

condition:

n. [शर्त] mode or state of being; fitness; existing circumstances

conductivity:

n. [चालकता] transmission of heat or electricity or sound

confinement:

n. [कारावास] state of being confined; restraint within limits; any restraint of liberty by force

confining:

a. [सीमित] restricting scope or freedom of action; crowded

confirm:

v. [पुष्टि] support or establish the certainty or validity of; verify

conformity:

n. [अनुरूप एकता] similarity in form or character; agreement

congratulation:

n. [बधाई] act of acknowledging that someone has an occasion for celebration

congruity:

n. [concerto] relation or agreement between things; fitness; harmony; correspondence; consistency.

connoisseur:

n. [पारखी] specialist; a person with expert knowledge or training, especially in the fine arts

consecutive:

a. [लगातार] following one after another without interruption; sequential

consequence:

n. [परिणाम] result; relation of a result to its cause; logical conclusion or inference

consequent:

a. [फलस्वरूप] resulting; following as a logical conclusion

conservative:

a. [रूढ़िवादी] favoring traditional views and values; tending to oppose change

conserve:

v. [संरक्षण] retain; protect from loss or harm; preserve; use carefully or sparingly, avoiding waste

considerably:

ad. [काफी] substantially; significantly; to a degree worth considering

considerate:

a. [विचारशील] thoughtful; marked by consideration or reflection; deliberate

consistent:

a. [संगत] agreeing with itself; coherent; regular

constrain:

v. [विवश] restrain; keep within close bounds; confine

constraint:

n. [बाधा] something that restricts or confines within prescribed bounds

consult:

v. [परामर्श] seek advice or information of; take into account; consider

container:

n. [कंटेनर] any object that can be used to hold things

contaminate:

v. [दूषित] make impure or unclean by contact or mixture; pollute; defile

content:

n. [सामग्री] volume; something contained; material, including text and images

contented:

a. [तृप्त] satisfied or showing satisfaction with things as they are

contiguous:

a. [सन्निहित] sharing an edge or boundary; touching; neighboring

continuum:

n. [सातत्य] sequence; succession; continuous extent, succession, or whole

contrast:

v. [इसके विपरीत] set in opposition to show or emphasize differences; show differences when compared

convenience:

n. [सुविधा] state of being suitable

convention:

n. [सम्मेलन] social or moral custom; formal meeting of members, representatives, or delegates; agreement between states

convert:

n. [कनवर्ट] change something into another form; transform

cooperate:

v. [सहयोग] work or act together toward a common end or purpose

corn:

n. [मकई] plants, such as wheat, maize, oats, and barley, that can be used to produce flour

cosmopolitan:

a. [महानगरीय] sophisticated; of worldwide scope

counseling:

n. [परामर्श] something that provides direction or advice as to a decision or course of action

couple:

n. [जोड़े] a male and female associated together; a pair who associate with one another

craft:

n. [शिल्प] something made by people; vessel

crash:

n. [दुर्घटना] smash; collision; falling down or in pieces with a loud noise of breaking parts

crayon:

n. [croak] stick of colored wax or chalk, used for drawing

creek:

n. [क्रीक] a small stream, often a shallow tributary to a river; brook

crippling:

a. [गंभीर] causing someone to be physically disabled, especially unable to walk; causing severe damage or problems

critical:

a. [महत्वपूर्ण] urgently needed; absolutely necessary; essential; acute; crucial; decisive

critique:

n. [आलोचना] critical review or commentary, especially one dealing with works of art or literature

crossbones:

n. [crossbones constricted] two crossed bones used as a symbol of danger or death

crossbreeding:

n. [crossbreeding] reproduction by parents of different races

crossing:

n. [पार] traveling across; place at which roads, lines, or tracks intersect; intersection

crumple:

v. [crumple] fall apart; fold or collapse; crush together or press into wrinkles

crush:

v. [क्रश] press between opposing bodies so as to break or injure; extract or obtain by pressing or squeezing

cube:

n. [क्यूब] three-dimensional shape with six square or rectangular sides; cubicle, used for work or study

curiosity:

n. [जिज्ञासा] desire to know or learn

current:

n. [वर्तमान] stream; flow; up-to-date; present

cushion:

n. [गद्दी] soft pillow or pad usually used for sitting, reclining, or kneeling

custom:

n. [कस्टम] tradition; practice followed by people of a particular group or region

customarily:

ad. [customarily] usually; under normal circumstances, normally

cyclone:

n. [चक्रवात] violent rotating windstorm

dart:

v. [डार्ट] move suddenly and rapidly

dawn:

n. [भोर] time each morning at which daylight first begins; beginning; start

dawning:

n. [विरूपण] first light of day; first advent or appearance

dearth:

n. [कमी] scarcity; shortage of food; famine from failure or loss of crops

debris:

n. [मलबे] remains of something that has been destroyed or broken up

decadent:

a. [अवनति] self-indulgent; moral decay

decent:

a. [सभ्य] suitable; modest.; honorable; meeting accepted standards

declare:

v. [घोषणा] state clearly; make known formally or officially

decline:

n. [पतन] change toward something smaller or lower; gradual falling off from a better state

defend:

v. [रक्षा] make or keep safe from danger, attack, or harm

deference:

n. [सम्मान] willingness to carry out the wishes of others; great respect

deferential:

a. [सविनय] showing deference; being respectful and considerate

deficiency:

n. [कमी] scarcity; lack or shortage, especially of something essential to health

definitely:

ad. [विरूपण] clearly; without question and beyond doubt

dehydrate:

v. [निर्जलीकरण] remove water from; dry out; lose water or bodily fluids

dehydrated:

a. [निश्चित रूप से निर्जलित] suffering from excessive loss of water

deign:

v. [अनुग्रह करना] condescend to give or grant; esteem worthy; consider worth notice

delegate:

n. [प्रतिनिधि] a person authorized to act as a representative for another; deputy

demobilize:

v. [वियोजन करना] retire from military service

demonstrate:

v. [प्रदर्शित] show clearly and deliberately; manifest; confirm; prove

denote:

v. [निरूपित] indicate; signify directly; refer to specifically

dense:

a. [घना] thick; crowded closely together; compact

density:

n. [घनत्व] thickness; the quantity of something per unit measure, especially per unit length, area, or volume

depart:

v. [रवाना] take off; leave; set out

dependable:

a. [भरोसेमंद] reliable; worthy of being depended on; trustworthy

dependence:

n. [निर्भरता] reliance; lack of independence or self-sufficiency

dependent:

a. [निर्भर] relying on or requiring the aid of another for support

depict:

v. [दर्शाती] represent in a picture or sculpture; portray in words; describe

deposit:

n. [जमा] money given as a guarantee or security

depressed:

a. [उदास] sad; gloomy; low in spirits; dejected

derivative:

a. [व्युत्पन्न] unoriginal; derived from another source

desalination:

n. [अलवणीकरण] removal of salt; a process of removing salt from seawater to make drinking water

deserted:

a. [सुनसान] remote from civilization; left desolate or empty; abandoned

desirable:

a. [वांछनीय] worthwhile; worth doing or achieving; advisable

desolate:

a. [उजाड़] unpopulated; providing no shelter or sustenance; devoid of inhabitants

desperately:

ad. [सख्त] with great urgency; seriously; severely

despoiler:

n. [dawning despoiler] someone who takes spoils or plunder; one who despoils or strips by force; a plunderer

destination:

n. [गंतव्य] ultimate goal; the place to which one is going or directed

deterrent:

n. [निवारक] something that discourages; tending to deter

devastate:

v. [उजाड़ना] ruin; lay waste; destroy; make desolate

device:

n. [उपकरण] technique or means; instrument; machine used to perform one or more relatively simple tasks

diagonal:

n. [विकर्ण] a straight line connecting any two vertices of a polygon that are not adjacent